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8                   UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
9                   WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON  
10                  AT TACOMA

11 MORGAN LEE BEADLE,  
12                   Plaintiff,  
13                  v.  
14 DAVID SMOLICH,  
15                   Defendant.

CASE NO. 2:22-CV-515-JCC-DWC  
PRETRIAL SCHEDULING ORDER

16 This is a civil rights action brought pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Defendants have now  
17 filed an answer to Plaintiff's Amended Complaint. Dkt. 19. Accordingly, the Court hereby  
establishes the following pretrial schedule:

18                   (1) Discovery

19                   All discovery shall be completed by **March 13, 2023**. Service of responses to  
20 interrogatories and to requests to produce, and the taking of depositions, shall be completed by  
21 this date. Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 33(a) requires answers or objections to be served  
22 within thirty (30) days after service of the interrogatories. The serving party, therefore, must  
23 serve his/her discovery requests at least thirty (30) days before the deadline in order to allow the

1 other party time to answer. Discovery requests must be served directly on the opposing party's  
2 counsel by mail.

3 (2) Motion to Compel to Discovery

4 Any motion to compel discovery shall be filed not later than **February 21, 2023**. Before  
5 filing a discovery motion, the parties must confer and attempt to resolve their differences. A good  
6 faith effort to confer with a party or person not making a disclosure or discovery requires a face-to-  
7 face meeting or a telephone conference. If unable to resolve their differences, the party filing the  
8 discovery motion must, either within the motion to compel or in a separate affidavit attached to the  
9 motion to compel, list the date, manner, and participants to the conference. If the moving party  
10 fails to include such a certification, the court may deny the motion without addressing the merits of  
11 the dispute. *See Fed. R. Civ. P. 37 and LCR 37(a)(1)*.

12 The motion to compel must: (1) list the matters on which the parties were unable to agree;  
13 (2) identify the nature and relevance of the documents and materials sought; (3) list the reason(s)  
14 why the mandatory initial disclosures were inadequate; and, (4) explain why the discovery sought  
15 is proportional to the needs of the case, considering the importance of the issues at stake in the  
16 action, the amount in controversy, the parties' relative access to relevant information, the parties'  
17 resources, the importance of the discovery in resolving the issues, and whether the burden or  
18 expense of the proposed discovery outweighs its likely benefit.

19 (3) Dispositive Motions

20 Any dispositive motion shall be filed and served by **April 13, 2023**. Pursuant to LCR 7(b),  
21 any argument being offered in support of a motion shall be submitted as a part of the motion itself  
22 and not in a separate document. The motion shall include in its caption (immediately below the  
23 title of the motion) a designation of the date the motion is to be noted for consideration upon the  
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1 Court's motion calendar. Dispositive motions shall be noted for consideration on a date no earlier  
2 than the fourth Friday following filing and service of the motion.

3 All briefs and affidavits in opposition to any motion shall be filed and served pursuant to  
4 the requirements of Rule 7 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and LCR 7. The party making a  
5 motion may file and serve a reply to the opposing party's briefs and affidavits. Any reply brief  
6 shall also be filed and served pursuant to the requirements of Rule 7 of the Federal Rules of Civil  
7 Procedure and LCR 7.

8 Defendants are reminded that they **MUST** serve a *Rand* notice, in a separate document,  
9 concurrently with motions to dismiss and motions for summary judgment so that *pro se* plaintiffs  
10 will have fair, timely and adequate notice of what is required of them in order to oppose those  
11 motions. *Woods v. Carey*, 684 F.3d 934, 941 (9th Cir. 2012). The Ninth Circuit has set forth model  
12 language for such notices:

13 A motion for summary judgment under Rule 56 of the Federal Rules of Civil  
14 Procedure will, if granted, end your case.

15 Rule 56 tells you what you must do in order to oppose a motion for summary  
16 judgment. Generally, summary judgment must be granted when there is no genuine  
17 issue of material fact – that is, if there is no real dispute about any fact that would  
18 affect the result of your case, the party who asked for summary judgment is entitled  
19 to judgment as a matter of law, which will end your case. When a party you are suing  
20 makes a motion for summary judgment that is properly supported by declarations (or  
21 other sworn testimony), you cannot simply rely on what your complaint says.  
Instead, **you must set out specific facts in declarations, depositions, answers to  
interrogatories, or authenticated documents, as provided in Rule 56(e), that  
contradict the facts shown in the defendant's declarations and documents and  
show that there is a genuine issue of material fact for trial. If you do not submit  
your own evidence in opposition, summary judgment, if appropriate, may be  
entered against you. If summary judgment is granted, your case will be  
dismissed and there will be no trial.**

1   | *Rand v. Rowland*, 154 F.3d 952, 963 (9th Cir. 1998) (emphasis added). Defendants who fail to file  
2 and serve the required *Rand* notice on the plaintiff(s) may have their motion stricken from the  
3 Court's calendar with leave to re-file.

4                     (4) Trial, Joint Pretrial Statement, and Expert Disclosures

5                     A trial date and deadlines for serving expert disclosures and filing a Joint Pretrial Statement  
6 may be established at a later date pending the outcome of any dispositive motions.

7                     (5) Proof of Service and Sanctions

8                     All motions, pretrial statements, and other filings shall be accompanied by proof that such  
9 documents have been served upon counsel for the opposing party or upon any party acting *pro se*.

10                  The proof of service shall show the day and manner of service and may be by written  
11 acknowledgment of service, by certificate of a member of the bar of this Court, by affidavit of the  
12 person who served the papers, or by any other proof satisfactory to the Court. Prisoners subject to  
13 the Court's Mandatory E-Filing Project may comply with this requirement by certifying as to the  
14 date the document(s) is handed to the law librarian for scanning. Failure to comply with the  
15 provisions of the Order can result in dismissal/default judgment or other appropriate sanctions.

16                     (6) Extensions

17                  The deadlines contained in this Order are firm and will not be extended by the Court except  
18 upon application to the Court with a showing of good cause.

19                     (7) Address

20                  The parties are to promptly update the Court with any change of address or other contact  
21 information.

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1                             (8) Instructions to Clerk

2                             The Clerk of Court is directed to send a copy of this Order to Plaintiff and to counsel for  
3 Defendants.

4                             Dated this 12th day of September, 2022.

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7                             David W. Christel  
                               United States Magistrate Judge